	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
	Robert's Primary School's long-term plan displays a progression of knowledge and skills throughout the year. Outcomes for knowledge are taken from the Educational Programmes stated in the Statutory Framework for EYFS. Progression from Reception, into Year 1 and beyond have been considered when planning overviews to ensure curriculum coverage and to ensure that each child thrives on their individual learning journey. Adaptations will be made to the curriculum to meet learners needs.							
Term dates	9 ^h September – 25 th October 2024	4 th November – 20 th December 2024	6 th January – 14 th February 2025	24 th February – 11 th April 2025	28 th April – 23 rd May 2025	2 nd June – 21 st July		
	(7 weeks for Rec)	(7 weeks)	(6 weeks)	(7 weeks)	(4 weeks) (May day)	(7 weeks)		
Learning Themes	All about me and All about my classroom	Traditions and celebrations and me	My Local area Traditions and celebrations	What the past means to me. Traditions and celebrations	All around our world	Changing/growing and moving!		
		Christmas, Hannukah, Remembrance, Children in Need	Christmas reflections and Chinese New Year	Mother's day, Eid and Easter				
	Where do I find in my classroom?	What does Tradition and Celebration mean to me?	What does near and far mean to me?	What does 'the past' mean to me?	What does near and far mean to me?	What does transport mean to me?		
Key Enquiry Questions	How do I use?		What does Tradition and Celebration mean to me?	What does Tradition and Celebration mean to me?		What does growing and changing mean to me?		
			Prime Area - Commu	nication and Languag	e			
Educational Programme for Communication and	_	_	and enjoy and through engagin	nteractions between adults and one gexperiences and investigations and language structures.		_		
Language	 Listens and responds to directions and instructions e.g. Collect up all the blocks. Understanding the need to look at the person they are communicating with. Listens to others in small groups in conversations that interest them. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Engages in non-fiction books Begins to understand how to listen carefully in larger group situations. Shows some 	Listens and responds to more complex directions and instructions e.g. Clean off your board and put it into the box. Understanding the need to turn and face the person they are speaking with. Understands how to be a listener. Listens and joins in with conversations with peers and adults. Develop social phrases. Understands and begins to use new vocabulary in conversation with adults.	 Understands the need to turn to the person they are talking with. Understands how to be listener. Understands the importance of turn taking in conversations. Begins to show variability in listening behaviour e.g. move around but still listening. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Learn and understand new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary through the day. 	 Understands the need to turn to the person they are talking with. Understands how to be listener. Understands the importance of turn taking in conversations. Begins to pay attention to something of interest for short and sustained periods of time. Begins to listen and do for short periods of time. Listen to and talks confidently about stories to building familiarity and understanding. 	 Pays attention to something of interest for short and sustained periods of time. Begins to listen and do for short periods of time. Understands a range of complex sentence structures including negatives, plurals and tense markers. Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion. Thinks about questions before answering. Understands 	 Pays attention to something of interest for sustained periods of time. Can listen and do for longer periods of time. Understands and uses a range of complex sentence structures including negatives, plurals and tense markers. Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion using acquired knowledge and vocabulary. 		

	understanding of how and why questions. Joins in with conversations in small groups. Engages in story times. Anticipates key events and phrases in stories. Uses vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experience.	Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Shows an interest in non-fiction books.	 Connect one idea or action to another using connectives. Describe events in some detail. Learn rhymes, poems, and songs. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Begins to understand complex sentence structures including negatives, plurals and tense markers. Answers simple questions about non-fiction books. 	 Is beginning to understand humour e.g. nonsense, rhymes and jokes. Learns and understand new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Begins to listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen Learn rhymes, poems, and songs. Talks about and answers questions about non-fiction books showing an understanding of new vocabulary. 	questions such as who, why, when, where and how. Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping, naming and exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and play situations. Begins to link statements to main theme or intention. Begins to use talk to organise,	 Thinks carefully about questions before answering. Understands questions such as who, why, when, where and how. Follows a story without pictures and props. Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping, naming and exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. Uses newly acquired language and vocabulary when imagining
	Children's personal social		·	dron to load healthy and ha		tal to their cognitive
PSED Educational Programme	development. Underpinning relationships with adults expending a position attention as necessary. The needs independently. Three	ng their personal developmenable children to learn ho ive sense of self, set them rough adult modelling and ough supported interaction de a secure platform from	ment are the important atta by to understand their own selves simple goals, have co d guidance, they will learn h n with other children, they	dren to lead healthy and hand hand hand hand hand those of other onfidence in their own abilitions to look after their bodies learn how to make good fries at school and in later life.	ocial world. Strong, warm a s. Children should be suppo cies, to persist and wait for v es, including healthy eating, endships, cooperate and re	and supportive orted to manage what they want and direct and manage personal solve conflicts peaceably.
P.S.H.E. (Jigsaw)	Being me in my world (Rule of Law)	Celebrating differences (Tolerance)	Dreams and Goals (Democracy)	Healthy Me (Individual Liberty)	Relationships (Mutual Respect)	Changing Me (Mutual Respect)

Reception Curriculum

Making relationships Enjoys playing alone, alongside and with others, inviting others to play and attempting to join others' play Uses their experiences of adult

Uses their experiences of adult behaviours to guide their social relationships and interactions

Sense of Self

- Is becoming more aware of the similarities and differences between themselves and others in more detailed ways and identifies themself in relation to social groups and to their peers
- Enjoys a sense of belonging through being involved in daily tasks

Understanding Emotions

- following rules and routines
- Expresses a wide range
 of feelings in their interactions
 with others and through their
 behaviour and play, including
 excitement and anxiety, guilt
 and selfdoubt
- Talks about how others might be feeling and responds according to their understanding of the other person's needs and wants
- Manage their own needs. - Personal hygiene

Making relationships

- Shows increasing consideration of other people's needs and gradually more impulse control in favourable conditions, e.g. giving up a toy to another who wants it
- Practices skills of assertion, negotiation and compromise and looks to a supportive adult for help in resolving conflict with peers

Sense of Self

 Enjoys a sense of belonging through being involved in daily tasks

Understanding Emotions

- Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt
- Is more able to recognise the impact of their choices and behaviours/actions on others and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings
- Manage their own needs. - Personal hygiene

Making relationships

 Is increasingly flexible and cooperative as they are more able to understand other people's needs, wants and behaviours

Sense of Self

- Recognises that they belong to different communities and social groups and communicates freely about own home and community
- Shows confidence in speaking to others about their own needs, wants, interests and opinions

Understanding Emotions

in familiar group

- Understands their own and other people's feelings, offering empathy and comfort
- Talks about their own and others' feelings and behaviour and its consequences
- Is more able to manage their feelings and tolerate situations in which their wishes cannot be met
- Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
- Manage their own needs. -Personal hygiene

Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally

Making relationships

- Is becoming more socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and
- finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support

Sense of self

- Has a clear idea about what they want to do in their play and how they want to go about it
- Shows confidence in choosing resources and perseverance in carrying out a chosen activity

Understanding Emotions

- relationship or situation where they have caused upset and understands how their actions impact other people Seeks support, "emotional refuelling" and practical help in new or challenging situations.
- Understand their feelings and consider the feelings of others.
- Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
- Manage their own needs. - Personal hygiene
- Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.
- Think about the perspectives of others.

Making relationships

 Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support

Sense of Self

Can describe their competencies, what they can do well and are getting better at; describing themselves in positive but realistic terms

Understanding Emotions

- Is aware of behavioural expectations and sensitive to ideas of justice and fairness
- Seeks ways to manage conflict, for example through holding back, sharing, negotiation and compromise
- Understand their feelings and consider the feelings of others.
- Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
- Manage their own needs. - Personal hygiene

Think about the perspectives of others.

Building relationships

• Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others; - Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers; - Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Managing self

- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly
- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge

Self-Regulation

 Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly

Prime Area - Physical Development

Educational Programme for Physical Development	Physical string in vital in collisions of processing the midillus of the same time. Physical string vital in communicate with control of the same time. Physical string vital in communicate with control of the same time. Physical string vital in communicate with string and play premisered with the vital control of the same time. Physical string vital in communicate with string at a sale or string on the floor. Physical string vital in communicate with string at a sale or string on the floor. Physical string vital in communicate with string at a sale or string on the floor. Physical string vital in communicate with string at a sale or string on the floor. Physical string vital in communicate with string at a sale or string on the floor. Physical string vital in communicate with string at a sale or string on the floor. Physical string vital in communicate with each other to build essential sportway for the string of the body are doing the same time. Develop it sterail conditions of the body are doing the same time of the body are doing the same time. Develop in communicate with conditions of the body are doing the same time. Develop in communicate with conditions of the body are doing the same time. Develop in right in communication in symmetrical, such as a range of animal body is communicated with the same time. Develop in right in communicate with conditions of the body are doing the same time. Develop in right in the sam
	Specific Area - Literacy It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for
Educational Programme for Literacy	both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

Phonics	We are following the 'Little Wandle' letters and sounds revised' scheme which is taught from week 2 of children starting in Reception. See separate planning
Reading	Reading in Reception
	Three Little Wandle taught reading lessons per week: Session One: Decoding text with fluency practise Session Two: Prosody with fluency practise Session Three: Comprehension with fluency practise Books go home for further fluency practice for a whole week every week.
	Quality texts explored through daily Talk for Writing Sessions. Story time- At least once each day Reading for pleasure: Reading challenges:
	Books linked to topic and children's interests are used in every learning area.
Handwriting	Kinetic Letters® making hand-writing easy for everyone
	It consists of four main threads:
	• Making bodies stronger,
	• Holding the pencil,
	• Learning the letters, and
	• Flow and fluency

Key Texts including Talk for Writing Foci The book offer can be adapted to meet the needs/interests of the children.)	Fiction Three little pigs Little Red hen Goldilocks and the three bears Non-Fiction	Fiction The Leaf thief Stickman Santa's list Nativity story Non-Fiction	Fiction The winter sleep Gingerbread man Mr Wolf's Pancakes Martha Maps it out On Every House in Every Street Poetry The Nature trail Non-Fiction Maps of school environment Maps of local areas The Lunar New Year	Fiction • Monkey Puzzle • The Easter Story • The best Eid Ever. Poetry • The night before Easter Non-fiction • Ramadan and Eid al-Fitr Sara Khan & Nadiyah Suyatna	Fiction Dear Earth Tad A place called home Anansi Poetry My Village: Rhymes from Around the World Non-fiction Welcome to our table: A celebration of what children eat everywhere. Look at our World.	Fiction The Journey – Neil Griffiths The enormous turnip Oliver's Vegetables Extraordinary Gardener Jasper's Beanstalk Poetry Layla's happiness Non-Fiction From seed to plant William Bee's Wonderful World of Things That Go!
Poetry/Rhyme/Songs The song offer can be adapted to meet the needs/interests of the children.)	Nursery rhymes/songsAutumn Leaves	Production songsChristmas songs	 I'm a little snowman Here we go round the mulberry bush 	 Spring chicken Peter Rabbit had a fly upon his nose. Chick chick chicken It's a monkey puzzle 	 Down in the jungle A sailor went to sea Rainforest animals song Alice the camel Noisy animals in the jungle 	 Aeroplane, Aeroplane Row, row row your boat. Wheels on the bus. Twinkle twinkle chocolate bar The seed
Literacy Writing Transcription/ Composition	 Finger strengthening activities- playdough etc. Handwriting- basic lines, shapes and patterns Teach effective pencil hold and writing posture Introduction to daily Name writing – Begin to recognise name card, trace or copy name Follow simple text maps to retell a story. 	Finger strengthening activities –threading etc Handwriting- letter shape groups e.g. basic curly caterpillars, basic long ladders, and numbers Teach effective pencil hold and writing posture Daily Name Writing- Find name card, copy name Draw simple text maps following a model and use	Finger strengthening activities- dependent on assessment Handwriting- numbers and letter shape groups e.g. continue to practise curly caterpillars, revisit long ladders, focus robot arms Focus on effective pencil hold and writing posture. Daily Name Writing- Practise Writing/coping first name. Making suggestions during shared writing, help to spell	Finger strengthening activities- dependent on assessment Handwriting- continue to practise numbers and letter shape groups knowing where the letters sit on a line. Focus on effective pencil hold and writing posture. Daily Name Writing- Practise Write first name. Begin to copy surname.	Finger strengthening activities- dependent on assessment Handwriting- continue to practise numbers and words using letter shape groups e.g. further curly caterpillars, further long ladders, further robot arms Practises the layout of sentences on lined paper — starting at the margin, appropriate use of ascenders and descenders.	Finger strengthening activities- dependent on assessment Handwriting- continue to practise numbers and words using letter shape groups e.g. further curly caterpillars, further long ladders, further robot arms Practises the layout of sentences on lined paper – starting at the margin, appropriate use of ascenders and descenders.

Reception Curriculum

- Taking part in speaking activities, using clear speech,
- Engaging with storytelling, using actions and varying
- Being engaged with story telling - suggesting additions and substitutions,
- Understanding and using new vocabulary.
- Making up stories, play scenarios, and drawings in response to experiences, such as outings, special occasions,
- Sometimes gives meaning to drawings and paintings
- Ascribing meanings to signs, symbols and words seen in different places, including those they make themselves
- Engage in mark making during child-initiated learning.

- to rehearse retelling the story.
- Taking part in speaking activities, using clear speech,
- Engaging with storytelling, trying out new vocabulary confidently.
- Participate in shared writing-make
- suggestions, identify sounds, tricky words, re read text.
- Take part in guided writing, orally composing captions and applying emerging phonic skills.
- Write simple words/ captions based on phonic knowledge.
- Enjoys creating texts to communicate meaning for an increasingly wide range of purposes, such as making greetings cards, tickets, lists, invitations.
- Gives meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or touchscreen technology
- Begins to break the flow of speech into words, to hear and say sounds in words.

- simple words, identify tricky words, identify where a full stop or capital letter is needed
- Begin to create simple text maps with support, adding words/labels use to rehearse to retell a story.
- Retell text using text maps using prosody.
- Use and understand previously learned and newly acquired vocabulary in the correct context.
- Writes simple transcribed captions applying phonic skills and knowledge with some support.
- Write tricky words learned so far.
- Continues to enjoys creating texts to communicate meaning for an increasingly wide range of purposes, such as making greetings cards, ticket, lists, invitations and books displaying phonics skills and knowledge.

- Making suggestions during shared writing: orally compose new sentences, add new vocabulary, help to spell simple words, identify tricky words, help to check correct use of full stops and capital letters.
- Create own text maps, adding words for description, notes etc. Use to rehearse retelling.
- Innovates known texts.
- Retell text using text maps. Remembering to use previously learned and newly acquired vocabulary in the correct context.
- Segments sounds in words and blends them together
- Writes words based on phonic knowledge during directed tasks and play.
- Uses their developing phonic knowledge to write things such as labels and captions
- Begins to write a simple transcribed sentence.
- Composes sentences orally using conjunctions, 'and', 'so', 'but.

- Daily Name Writing- Writes first name. Continue to practise writing surname.
- Contribute during shared writing, suggest new ideas, orally compose new sentences, add new vocabulary, help to spell simple words, identify tricky words, check for mistakes e.g. "we need a capital letter there", "we need a full stop there"
- Innovates known texts.
- Create own text maps, adding words for description, notes etc. Use to rehearse text before writing.
- Writes captions and simple sentences based on phonic knowledge during directed tasks and play.
- Uses developing phonic knowledge and skills to write transcribed sentence including 'tricky words' using capital letters and full stops.
- Begins to write down captions/sentences they have composed orally.
- confidently retell texts, vary voice as appropriate, add own ideas and enhancements to texts, use an increasing number of connecting words to link ideas, use adjectives to describe.

- Daily Name Writing-Writes first name. Continue to practise writing surname.
- Contributes during shared writing, suggest new ideas, orally compose new sentences, add new vocabulary, help to spell simple words, identify tricky words, check for mistakes e.g. "we need a capital letter there", "we need a full stop there"
- Innovates known texts.
- Confidently retell texts for a range of audiences, vary voice as appropriate, add own ideas and embellishments to texts, use an increasing number of connecting words to link ideas, use adjectives to describe.
- Uses phonic knowledge and skills to compose and write simple sentences using capital letters and full stops
- Looks for increasing opportunities to write during child-initiated learning.
- Recognise and correct mistakes in written work.
- Composes and writes simple sentence using phonics skills and knowledge that can be read by others.

Reception Curriculum Planning Overview 2024-25

Educational Programme for Mathematics	develop a deep understandin opportunities to build and ap knowledge and vocabulary from reasoning skills across all areasoning	g of the numbers to 10, the relaptory of this understanding - such as som which mastery of mathemases of mathematics including sha	all children develop the necessary etionships between them and the susing manipulatives, including sm tics is built. In addition, it is impor- ape, space and measures. It is impor- as and peers about what they notice	patterns within those numbers. Enall pebbles and ten-frames for or tant that the curriculum includes ortant that children develop posit ce and not be afraid to make mist	By providing frequent and varie rganising counting - children wi rich opportunities for children tive attitudes and interests in m	d II develop a secure base of to develop their spatial
			MAT			
	 Getting to know to you – Baseline assessment Match, sort and compare Talk about measure and patterns 	 It's me 1,2 and 3 Circles and triangles 1,2,3,4,5 Shapes with 4 sides 	 Alive in 5 Mass and capacity Growing 6,7,8 	 Length, height and time Building 9 and 10 Exploring 3D shapes 	 To 20 and beyond How many now Manipulate, compose and decompose 	 Manipulate, compose and decompose Sharing and grouping Visualise, build and map Make connections Consolidation
		S	pecific Area – Unde	rstanding the World		
Educational Programme for Understanding the World	sense of the world around them selection of stories, non-fiction,	 from visiting parks, libraries and rhymes and poems will foster the 	of their physical world and their com d museums to meeting important me ir understanding of our culturally, soc cross domains. Enriching and widenir	mbers of society such as police offic cially, technologically and ecologicall	ers, nurses and firefighters. In add y diverse world. As well as buildin	lition, listening to a broad
Ongoing themes throughout the	Exploring Seasons througWhat we see on thUsing our five sens	e ground, around us and ir	the air.			
Year	 Exploring weather Dressing our class 					
	Outdoor adventures	Outdoor adventures	Exploring Maps Lesson 1 - Our school from		Around the World	
Geography Kapow	Forest school – Nature catchers	Forest school – Nature catchers	above Lesson 2 – Explore our local		Lesson 1 – Home and Away Lesson 2 – Bear's UK travels	
	Exploring the weather	Exploring the weather	area			

Science Kapow				Animal Adventures Lesson 1 – Living and non-living	Animal Adventures Lesson 1 – Living and non-living (Flashback) Lesson 2 – Describing minibeasts Lesson 3: On the farm Lesson 4: Animal homes Lesson 5: Zoo animals	Plants and growth (Non Kapow)
	Autumn treasures	(Non Kapow) Whatever the Weather	Winter Wildlife	Lesson 4 – Enhanced provision - Spot the difference Spring time magic	Sandcastle Science	Summer Senses
		What I did last week		Lesson 3 – Toy box		Lesson 5 -Transport through time.
History Kapow	(Non Kapow)	What I did at the weekend		Lesson 2 – My life timeline		crown Lesson 4 – Picture detective
	What I did last night	What I did last night		who? Past and Present		Lesson 2 – My achievements Lesson 3 – Wearing the
	What I did before lunch	What I did before lunch		Lesson 1 – Can you guess		Lesson 1 – Family tree
	What I did this morning	What I did this morning		Peek in the past		Adventures through time
			the local are. (Tree – repeat in Spring and Summer for comparison.)			
			Lesson 5 – Observational painting of natural features in			
			based on investigative studies.			
			Lesson 4 – Map making – creating Maps of the local area		Lesson 5 – Polar explorers	
			Enhancement – Continue to add features to the 3d map.		Lesson 5 – Desert explorers	
	Dress the teddy.	Dress the teddy.	Lesson 3 - Investigating maps.		Lesson 4 – Exploring world landscapes.	
	Senses in Nature	Senses in Nature			countryside?	
	Exploring the Seasons	Exploring the Seasons	Enhancement – Build a 3d map of school.		Lesson 3 – City or	

RE Kapow	What is Diwali? How do some Hindu people celebrate Diwali?	Why do Christians celebrate Christmas? How do many Christians celebrate Christmas?	What makes us special? Lesson - Why are we special/Who is special to you? What are special times? Who helps us and why should we care for others? Why is Jesus special to some people?	Why do Christians celebrate Easter? How do many Christians celebrate Easter? Coming soon	TBC	TBC
Key questions to help me to answer the 'Big question' or subject specific questions. These are prompts and ideas and can be used and adapted based on assessment and the needs/interests of the children.	 Class/school? What do I need to do now and next? What did I do this morning/last night/yesterday? 	 What are seasons and what changes do they bring? What is happening on the ground, in the air and in the sky at this time of year? What are people wearing at this time of year and why? What is different/same since we started school in September? What does tradition mean? What traditions do we follow at school and at home? How do you celebrate your birthday? How do your parents celebrate their birthday? Relate to the birth of Christ with gifts etc. What traditions do you follow? What does celebration mean? 	 What are seasons and what changes do they bring? What is happening on the ground, in the air and in the sky at this time of year? What are people wearing at this time of year and why? What is different/same since we Finished school in December? What is near to me in the classroom? What is far from me in the classroom? Which class is near to Reception? Which classes are far from Reception? Where do I live and what is all around me? Where is my home on a map of Gornal/Dudley? What do I see on my walk to school? 	 What are seasons and what changes do they bring? What is happening on the ground, in the air and in the sky at this time of year? What are people wearing at this time of year and why? What is different/same since we came back to school in January? What is the past? What happened this morning/yesterday/last week/last year? How have I changed since I was a baby? Why do people celebrate Eid? How do people celebrate Eid? What are the customs and traditions followed during Ramadan and Eid 	 What are seasons and what changes do they bring? What is happening on the ground, in the air and in the sky at this time of year? What are people wearing at this time of year and why? What is different/same since we were at school in March? What is Near to me? What is far away from my school/home? How is my environment different to people living in other parts of the city/World? What vocabulary would I use to describe places that I see around me and in books? How can I describe different bodies of water? (even if used 	 What are seasons and what changes do they bring? What is happening on the ground, in the air and in the sky at this time of year? What are people wearing at this time of year and why? What is different/same since half term? What do plants need to grow?(investigation) What plants can I eat? How do I care for plants? What creatures can I find in our garden? How do creatures help the garden? How do butterflies grow? Why don't caterpillars look like their parents? What is the same/different about caterpillars and the

Ongoing UTW resources	Who do I go to if need help? Who he I go to if how do you and your family celebrate? Who he I go to if how go you family celebrate when they community? What helps me to learn about the world around me? What is Bonfire night and what are the Bonfire neglaturations? Why do we wear popples in November? What does brave, courageous, protect mean? Who protects you? Why and how do Christians celebrate Christmas? Why do we celebrate What are we thankful for? What are we thankful for? What new vocabulary do I understand and use? Why do we need/use transport can I name? Why do we need/use transport? What new vocabulary do I understand and use? Why do we need/use transport? What new vocabulary do I understand and use? Why do we need/use transport can I name? What new vocabulary do I understand and use? Wha
	ne following prompts will support the acquisition and retention of skills and knowledge stated in the educational programme and to set the foundations of learning for Year One and eyond.
	Specific Area – Expressive Art and Design
Educational Programme for	he development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to ngage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials.

Expressive Art	The quality and variety of what children	see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing the	eir understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to					
and Design	communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what							
	they hear, respond to and observe.							
Art and Design	Exploring playdough	Painting and Mixed	Creation station					
Kapow	and its properties	Media						
			Lesson 1 – Explore clay					
		Lesson 1 - Outdoor	and its properties.					
		painting						
			Lesson 2 – Designing					
		Lesson 2 - Collage and	animal sculptures					
		transient art.						
			Lesson 3 Creating					
		Lesson 3 – Painting to	animal sculptures					
		music.						
			Lesson 4 Painting					
		Lesson 4 – Landscape	animal sculptures					
		collage. – Create a						
		collage using found						
		objects.						
		Lesson 5 – Winter						
		crafts – threaded snow						
		flakes.						

Design Technology	Cooking and nutrition: Soup		Design and technology	Bookmarks (Mother's day gift?)		Structures Boats
Kapow	Joup		Creating buildings	uay girt: j		Lesson 1 – Waterproof
пароп	Lesson 1 – Fantastic		from the local area to	Lesson 1 – Exploring		materials
	fruit and vegetables		add to the 3d map.	threading and weaving.		
	, and the second					Lesson 2 – Floating and
	Lesson 2 – Designing		Lesson 1: Exploring	Lesson 2 – Paper		sinking
	soup.		junk modelling and	weaving.		
			cutting and scissor			Lesson 3 – Boats
	Lesson 3 – Making and		skills.	Lesson 3 – Sewing with		
	evaluating soup			hessian.		Lesson 4 – Investigating
			Lesson 2: Choosing			boats
			resources	Lesson 4 – Designing		
				book marks.		Lesson 5- Designing
			Lesson 3: Making			boats
			models	Lesson 5 – Creating		
				bookmarks		Lesson 6- Creating and
			Lesson 4: Evaluation			testing boats
			and presentation	Lesson 6 – Evaluating		
D. C. L. C.	C			bookmarks	D' D I	-
Music	Songs and rhymes (non	Colobration manais	Music and Movement	Musical stories	Big Band	Transport
Kapow	kapow)	Celebration music	Lesson 1 Action conso	Lesson 1 Moving to	Lesson 1 – What makes	Lesson 1 Fundaring
		Ongoing throughout	Lesson 1 – Action songs	Lesson 1 – Moving to	an instrument?	Lesson 1 – Exploring different types of
		Ongoing throughout half term - Christmas	Lesson 2 – Finding the	music	an instrument:	transport.
		music	beat	Lesson 2 – Storytelling	Lesson 2 – Introduction	transport.
		music	beat	with actions	to orchestra.	Lesson 2 – Trains
		Ongoing throughout	Lesson 3 – Exploring			1.10.11.0
		half term Christmas	tempo	Lesson 3 – Using	Lesson 3 – Follow the	Lesson 3 – Boats
		action songs	tempe	instruments to represent	beat	
		5	Lesson 4 – Exploring	actions		Lesson 4 – Cars
		Ongoing throughout	tempo and pitch through		Lesson 4 – Tuned and	
		half term Songs for	dance	Lesson 4 – Musical story	untuned instruments	Lesson 5 – Transport
		Nativity		composition		journey
			Lesson 5 – Music and		Lesson 5 – Big band	
			movement performance		performance	

				Lesson 5 Musical story performance (Mother's day?)					
			Expressive Art and Design th	roughout the Reception Year					
	Children will be given repeat	Children will be given repeated opportunities to practise, embed and extend the skills listed above through carefully selected resources available in continuous provision and through direct teaching during quality interactions between adults and children.							
			Children	will also:					
	<u> </u>	ection of songs and dances							
			nds creatively, plays along to the be		·				
		=	of tools and materials to explore the with diverse materials, e.g. light, pr		_	ess and communicate their			
	discoveries and understa		with diverse materials, e.g. light, pr	ojecteu iiilage, loose parts, wate	rcolours, powder paint, to expr	ess and communicate their			
		_	ings and understandings using a rai	nge of art forms, e.g. movement,	dance, drama and the visual ar	ts.			
	 Creates representation 	ons of both imaginary and real-	life ideas, events, people and object	ets					
		_	ures in order to express and respon	•	ces				
	•		, colours and materials for their ow	• • •					
		= =	ging, making and dramatic play, dra g. this music sounds likes dinosaurs			s) that nog looks like a mouth			
		e or narrative into their play	g. this music sounds likes dillosadis	, that sculpture is squisily like thi	s [ciliu priysically defiloristrates	sj, that peg looks like a mouth			
	•	• •	d act out an imaginary idea or narr	ative.					
	unique, significant,	celebrate, celebration,	local area,	Eid Allah, Ramadan, fasting,	, <u> </u>	Plants-growing, planting,			
	different, same, special,	reward, party, festival,	Transport, bus, tram,	Eid-al-Fitr, Qur'an, the	Spring blossom, plants,	seeds, shoots, roots,			
	compare,	tradition,	Outside trees- oak, ash, beech,	_	showers, seeds, shoots,	seedling.			
	senses taste, touch, smell, sight, hearing, body parts-	Remembrance, poppy,	holly, bushes, plants, school, allotments, playground, hut,	Lunar calendar, good deeds, Eid Mubarak	seedlings, new life, warmer,	Food - vegetables, grow, cut, mix, blend, mash, taste,			
Key Vocabulary	head,	soldier, brave, courageous, protect, respect.	school building, upstairs, hall,	Celebrate, tradition,	<mark>lighter, brighter</mark>	improve			
	arms, legs, arms, elbows,	Bonfire, Guy Fawkes, gun	reception area	Mother's day significant,		Animals-creatures, insects			
	knees, wrists, neck,	powder, Houses of	Lunar new year, Chinese	care, support, help, look		born, growing,			
	forehead, ears etc. height,	parliament, rules, law,	quarter, fireworks, snake,	after, reward, thanks		changing, developing,			
	length, hair colour, eye	justice, government	health, wealth, happiness,			young, chicks, tadpoles,			

	colour, skin colour, likes,	Christmas, Reverend	lantern, red envelopes,	Easter Jesus Christ, risen,	caterpillars, stages,
	dislikes, similarities,	Nativity, Jesus, Mary,	dragon,	cross, betrayed, rose, Sunday	Allotment-beetroot, corn,
	differences,	Joesph, Bethlehem, angels,	Winter - frosty, icy, snowy,	Spring blossom, plants,	beans, pumpkins, lettuce,
	<mark>Diwali</mark> – Rama, Sita, Diva,	worship, gift, celebrate,	cold, freezing, changes, frozen	showers, seeds, shoots,	Height, length, measure
	light, festival, tradition,	tradition, birth		seedlings, new life,	
	rangoli, fireworks	Winter - frosty, icy, snowy,			
	Autumn – Trees, leaves,	cold, freezing, changes,			
	weather, damp, wet, fog	slippery,			
Whole school					
Events					
Planned					
Experiences to			Local area walk. Visit to	Black country museum	Catarrillar to Buttarflias
enrich the			the shops?	visit/visitor?	Caterpillar to Butterflies
curriculum					